

Webinar 8 Quiz

1. How is Mareks disease transmitted?
 - a) Faeco-oral route
 - b) Respiratory secretions
 - c) Dander
2. In which of the following cells does Mareks virus replicate in?
 - a) Pneumocytes
 - b) T-cells
 - c) B-Cells
3. Which of the following statements regarding Mareks disease are true?
 - a) The disease always causes paralysis
 - b) Tumours develop within a few weeks of infection
 - c) Immunosuppression can occur soon after infection
4. How can Mareks infection be diagnosed?
 - a) Feather PCR
 - b) Histopathology
 - c) Haemagglutination Inhibition
5. When should the Mareks vaccine be administered?
 - a) The day of hatching
 - b) Within the first three days of life
 - c) At any age
6. How can avian leukosis be transmitted?
 - a) Faeco-oral route
 - b) Biting insects
 - c) Venerally
7. How can Leukosis be differentiated from Mareks disease?
 - a) Leukosis infects birds over three years
 - b) Leukosis doesn't cause nervous signs
 - c) The tumours form in T-cells in Leukosis and B-cells in Mareks disease
8. Which of the following statements regarding fowl pox are true?
 - a) Infection spreads rapidly throughout the flock
 - b) Vaccination can be done in the face of an outbreak
 - c) Potentiated sulphonamides should be given in all cases